

Credit Suisse Group  
 VFU-Indicators for in-house operations 2007 <sup>1)</sup>

	Corresponding GRI Indicators	Switzerland 98 % of data collected, rest extrapolated	Europe and Middle East 78 % of data collected, rest extrapolated	Americas 90 % of data collected, rest extrapolated	Asia-Pacific 78 % of data collected, rest extrapolated	Credit Suisse Group total 100 %	Credit Suisse Group Indicators (per capita and in %)	Credit Suisse Group change to 2006 <sup>2)</sup>
<b>1) Total premises energy consumption in MJ</b>	EN 3 / 4	<b>903'848'118</b>	<b>632'148'198</b>	<b>666'244'463</b>	<b>190'122'781</b>	<b>2'392'363'560</b>	<b>51'478</b>	<b>-21%</b>
1a) Electricity consumed in premises in MJ <sup>3)</sup>		<b>634'431'902</b>	<b>605'187'782</b>	<b>583'942'867</b>	<b>189'181'213</b>	<b>2'012'743'764</b>	<b>43'309</b>	<b>-22%</b>
electricity from hydroelectric run-of-river power stations		410'284'472	171'755'923	2'507'904	42'657	584'590'957	29%	2%
electricity from hydroelectric reservoir power stations						-		
electricity from wind power stations		27'562	9'127'112	3'928'966		13'083'640	1%	347%
electricity from biomass power stations		24'311	108'945'976	3'266'693		112'236'979	6%	37%
electricity from photovoltaic power stations		1'569'460		9'620		1'579'080	0%	-4%
electricity from waste incineration		16'152'422	26'479'405	956'538	810'475	44'398'841		
electricity from combined cycle power plant			15'851'023			15'851'023	1%	
electricity generated by gas-fired power stations		2'698'524	75'828'997	126'287'253	64'644'920	269'459'694	13%	25%
electricity generated by oil-fired power stations		79'319	621'122	81'023'204		81'723'645	4%	16%
electricity generated by black coal fired power stations			39'126'138	59'873'051	47'752'391	146'751'580	7%	-46%
electricity generated by brown coal fired power stations		43'801				43'801	0%	
electricity generated by nuclear power stations		203'552'032	7'224'002	240'814'268	1'492'980	453'083'282	23%	-11%
electricity from average market mix			150'228'082	65'275'369	74'437'790	289'941'241	14%	-67%
1b) Fossil fuels consumed in premises in MJ		<b>231'458'108</b>	<b>18'843'123</b>	<b>17'350'921</b>		<b>267'652'152</b>	<b>5'759</b>	<b>-13%</b>
natural gas		160'797'731	18'843'123	27'921		179'668'775	67%	-14%
heating oil		70'660'377		17'323'000		87'983'376	33%	-12%
1c) Other energy consumed in premises in MJ (district heating)		<b>37'958'108</b>	<b>8'117'293</b>	<b>64'950'675</b>	<b>941'569</b>	<b>111'967'645</b>	<b>2'409</b>	<b>-12%</b>
<b>2) Total business travel in km (air travel) <sup>4)</sup></b>	EN 29	<b>112'757'142</b>	<b>196'032'892</b>	<b>277'485'559</b>	<b>172'850'593</b>	<b>759'126'186</b>	<b>16'335</b>	<b>23%</b>
<b>3) Total paper consumption in tons <sup>5)</sup></b>	EN 1	<b>4'392</b>	<b>772</b>	<b>997</b>	<b>589</b>	<b>6'750</b>	<b>145</b>	<b>-22%</b>
3a) Post-consumer recycled	EN 2 = 3a/3	128				128	1%	27%
3b) New fibres ECF + TCF		4'264	772	997	589	6'622	99%	-23%
3c) New fibres chlorine bleached						-		
3d) Share of FSC-labelled paper in percent		70%				45%		12%
<b>4) Total water consumption in m3 (drinking water)</b>	EN 8	<b>569'619</b>	<b>199'189</b>	<b>745'792</b>	<b>33'187</b>	<b>1'547'787</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>-20%</b>
<b>5) Total waste in tons <sup>5)</sup></b>	EN 22	<b>4'986</b>	<b>679</b>	<b>5'431</b>	<b>416</b>	<b>11'512</b>	<b>248</b>	<b>-41%</b>
5a) Valuable materials separated and recycled		3'271	653	2'071	145	6'140	53%	-25%
5b) Waste incinerated		1'629				1'629	14%	-15%
5c) Waste disposed of in landfills			14	3'003	191	3'207	26%	-63%
5d) Hazardous waste		86	12	357	80	536	5%	-40%
<b>6) Direct and indirect Energy in MJ</b>		<b>not summable</b>	<b>not summable</b>	<b>not summable</b>	<b>not summable</b>	<b>not summable</b>	<b>not summable</b>	<b>not summable</b>
6a) Direct energy use	EN 3	903'848'118	632'148'198.3	666'244'463	190'122'781	2'392'363'560	51'478	-21%
6b) Indirect energy use	EN 4	1'683'504'831	1'118'821'971.7	2'421'149'869	575'516'116	5'798'992'788	124'780	-29%
6c) Other indirect energy use	EN 4	419'627'851	396'771'146.6	570'089'013	321'430'769	1'707'918'780	36'750	15%
<b>7) Direct and indirect greenhouse gas emissions of 6) in tons <sup>5)</sup></b>		<b>40'326</b>	<b>69'846</b>	<b>115'515</b>	<b>60'728</b>	<b>286'415</b>	<b>6'163</b>	<b>-21%</b>
7a) GHG emissions of direct energy use (6a)	EN 16	14'963	1'057	1'286		16'607	357	-13%
7b) GHG emissions of indirect energy use (6b)	EN 16	6'605	43'593	78'803	39'792	168'793	3'632	-34%
7c) GHG emissions of other indirect energy use (6c)	EN 17	19'458	25'195	35'425	20'937	101'015	2'174	18%
<b>Compensation of greenhouse gas emissions in tons</b>		<b>40'326</b>				<b>40'326</b>		
<b>Remaining greenhouse gas emissions in tons</b>			<b>69'846</b>	<b>115'515</b>	<b>60'728</b>	<b>246'089</b>		
Share of compensated emissions in %		100%				14%		

1) Reporting according to the Greenhouse Gas Protocol with the help of "VFU Indicators 2005" standard including the update of the calculation tool from February 2007. CSG was member of the project group (see www.vfu.de -> VFU Indicators 2005). All data collected is extrapolated to 100% based on full time equivalents covered.

2) Change of data in comparison to 2006.

3) The reduction of greenhouse gas emissions from electricity consumption results from the increasing consumption of renewables and improved data on the mix of electricity qualities.

4) In Switzerland data also includes road travel with CSG cars. Air travel has increased considerably, also due to the increase of our activities in Asia.

5) The per capita indicators for paper, waste and greenhouse gases are presented in the unit kg and not tons.